**Objectives**

1. Top Run-Scorers: Identify the top 10 batsmen with the highest total runs scored across all matches.

2. Best Bowling Economy: Find bowlers with the lowest economy rate across all matches.

3. Frequent Boundaries: List players who scored the most fours and sixes.

4. Match Winners: Count the number of matches won by each team.

5. Player Role: Display the total number of players in each playing role (e.g., Wicketkeeper, Allrounder).

6. High Strike Rate Batsmen: Find batsmen with the highest strike rate who have faced at least 50 balls in total.

7. Consistent Bowlers: List bowlers with the highest number of maidens and their corresponding teams.

8. Team Margin of Victory: Identify the largest margin of victory by runs and by wickets for each team.

9. Player's Contribution in Wins: For each match-winning team, find the batsman with the highest runs and the bowler with the most wickets.

10. Bowling and Batting Average Comparison: Calculate each player's batting average (total runs divided by innings) and bowling average (runs conceded divided by wickets taken) to find all-rounders.

11. Performance by Match Venue: Analyze which players perform the best at different grounds based on runs scored and wickets taken.

12. Head-to-Head Team Comparison: For each pair of teams, compare their win rate, average margin of victory, and average runs scored in matches against each other.

13. Player Performance in High-Stakes Matches: Identify players who perform better in high-stakes matches (e.g., finals or elimination rounds) by calculating average runs and wickets in these matches.

14. Impact of Playing Style on Performance: Compare the performance (runs scored and wickets taken) of players based on their playing style (e.g., batting style, bowling style).

15. Top Performers in Closely Contested Matches: Find players who scored the highest runs or took the most wickets in matches with a winning margin of less than 10 runs or 1 wicket.